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State Department Pervasive Passport Fraud Not Identified, But Cases of Potentially Fraudulent and High-Risk Issuances Are Under Review United States Government Accountability 2015-01-01 According to agency officials and guidance posted on State's public website, applicants can apply for a U.S. passport in one of three ways: in person at an acceptance facility,

by mail (for renewal applications), or at a passport facility that offers acceptance services (typically expedited applications). Applicants submit documents, such as a birth certificate or driver's license, to passport acceptance agents to provide evidence of citizenship, or noncitizen nationality, and proof of identity. The acceptance agents are to watch the applicant sign the application, review submitted documents for completeness, and check for application inconsistencies. For example, acceptance agents are to assess whether photographs and descriptions in the identification documents match the applicant.

Information Systems Marinos Themistocleous 2020-11-20 This book constitutes the proceedings papers from the 17th European, Mediterranean, and Middle Eastern Conference on Information Systems, EMCIS 2020, held in Dubai, UAE, in November 2020. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic the conference took place virtually. EMCIS focuses on approaches that facilitate the identification of innovative research of significant relevance to the Information Systems discipline following sound research methodologies that lead to results of measurable impact. The 56 papers presented in this volume were carefully reviewed and selected from a total of 161 submissions to the main conference. They are grouped in section on Big Data and Analytics, Blockchain Technology and Applications, Digital Government, Digital Services and

Social Media, Emerging Computing Technologies and Trends for Business Process Management, Enterprise Systems, Healthcare Information Systems, Information Systems Security and Information Privacy Protection, Innovative Research Projects, Management and Organisational Issues in Information Systems.

Border Security United States. Government Accountability Office 2010 In 2005, the Department of State (State) began issuing electronic passports (e-passports) with embedded computer chips that store information identical to that printed in the passport. By agreement with State, the U.S. Government Printing Office (GPO) produces blank e-passport books. Two foreign companies are used by GPO to produce e-passport covers, including the computer chips embedded in them. At U.S. ports of entry, the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) inspects passports. GAO was asked to examine potential risks to national security posed by using foreign suppliers for U.S. e-passport computer chips. This report specifically examines the following two risks: (1) Can the computer chips used in U.S. e-passports be altered or forged to fraudulently enter the United States? (2) What risk could malicious code on the U.S. e-passport computer chip pose to national security? To conduct this work, GAO reviewed documents and interviewed officials at State, GPO, and DHS relating to the U.S. e-passport design and manufacturing and e-passport inspection systems and procedures. GAO

recommends that DHS implement the systems needed to fully verify e-passport digital signatures at U.S. ports of entry, and in coordination with State, implement an approach to obtain the necessary data to validate the digital signatures on U.S. and other nations' e-passports. DHS agreed with our recommendations.

License to Travel Patrick Bixby 2022-10-25 This surprising global history of an indispensable document reveals how the passport has shaped art, thought, and human experience while helping to define the modern world. Narrow escapes and new starts, tearful departures and hopeful arrivals, unwanted scrutiny in the backrooms of officialdom: some of our most memorable experiences involve a passport. In License to Travel, Patrick Bixby examines the passports of artists and intellectuals, ancient messengers and modern migrants to reveal how these seemingly humble documents implicate us in larger narratives about identity, mobility, citizenship, and state authority. This concise cultural history takes the reader on a captivating journey from pharaonic Egypt and Han-dynasty China to the passport controls and crowded refugee camps of today. Along the way, the book connects intimate stories of vulnerability and desire with vivid examples drawn from world cinema, literature, art, philosophy, and politics, highlighting the control that travel documents have over our bodies as we move around the globe. With unexpected discoveries at every turn, License to Travel exposes

the passport as both an instrument of personal freedom and a tool of government surveillance powerful enough to define our very humanity. Passport Series United States. Department of State 1947

Nonimmigrant Visas, Requirements and Procedures United States. Congress. House. Committee on the Judiciary. Subcommittee on Immigration, Citizenship, and International Law 1976

The Immigrant Visa Process Razaq Adekunle 2021-05-12 Many people will find it hard to pass an immigration visa interview. And indeed, it is one of the most difficult steps you have to pass to be able to immigrate to the country where you wish to work or settle in. If you are worried about your upcoming immigration visa interview. You will find usually 2 methods for getting an immigrant visa, as a way of working and living in the US like an "authorized permanent citizen" (also referred to as a green card holder). One is actually by means of a family-based application, and the other by means of an employment-based application. This post offers a basic summary of the processing of the family-based immigrant visa application. Among what you are about to learn Immigration Law - Visa Categories - Visa processing is an important service provided by the consulate section of an embassy or by the consulate general of a country. It is important to follow the requirements exactly as given so that you avoid delays in the process or, even, the rejection of your

application. How to Apply for a Travel Visa - It is important to understand that a travel visa stamped in your passport is not a guarantee that you will be allowed to enter your destination country. The visa is merely permission to travel to a port of entry. It is at this port of entry that an agent will examine your documents and determine whether you will enter the country or not. How to Prepare for An Immigration Visa Interview - There are various steps to get an immigration visa or entry clearance, which you need to enter a foreign country legally. All required documents must be prepared and completed, the application form completed, and then all submitted to the consular office or local embassy of the country you wish to attend. For the many thousands of people who have submitted an immigration application the agonizing wait for news can last months, or in many cases years. As time passes the doubt begins to creep in. This book provides you all the useful information on how it is easy for the Immigrant Visa Process.

Organisation for Communications and Transit 1926

Border security consular identification cards accepted within United States, but consistent federal guidance needed : report to congressional requesters.

U.S. Citizenship & Overseas Duty 1990

Advisory and Technical Committee for

Communications and Transit League of Nations 1925

Department of State Publication 1929

Ensuring the Security of America's Borders Through the Use of Biometric Passports and Other Identity Documents

United States. Congress. House. Committee on Homeland Security. Subcommittee on Economic Security, Infrastructure Protection, and Cybersecurity 2006

Global Challenges for Identity Policies E. Whitley 2016-

01-18 The goals of this book are to provide a comprehensive review of identity policies as they are being implemented in various countries around the world, to consider the key arenas where identity policies are developed and to provide intellectual coherence for making sense of these various activities.

Passport to Working in Japan David McNeill 2018-07-28 Dreaming about living and working in Japan but not sure how to make it a reality? Just got a job in Japan and want to get prepared for the next step in your career? Passport to Working in Japan will give you the insights, knowledge, and resources you need to succeed in the Land of the Rising Sun! Based on the author's personal journey from the United States to Tokyo as well as insights from dozens of current Japan-based expats, you can learn how to succeed in Japan from people who have actually done it. From finding a job to becoming comfortable with the Japanese language and work culture, Passport to Working in Japan covers all the topics you need to know in order to begin the next exciting chapter of your career. Whether you are a student, recent graduate, experienced professional, or senior executive - if you want to live and work in Japan, this is the book for you!

Topics Covered in this Book

Getting a Job in Japan Regardless of where you are in your career, this book will provide you with the necessary advice, tips, and resources for you to find your ideal full-time job, part-time job, teaching position, or internship in Japan!

Understanding Japanese Business Culture Japanese business practices are likely to be quite different from what you are used to in your home country. Discover how to excel within the Japanese office environment so that you will be best prepared to succeed in your new position!

Learning Japanese Japanese is one of the most difficult languages for English speakers to learn. Find out about the best tools, textbooks, study methods, practice partners, immersion programs, and proficiency tests to quickly improve your fluency in Japanese!

Living in Tokyo As a foreigner, you will have the highest chance of finding work in Tokyo, so it is important for you to get acquainted with your new home. Discover the best areas to live in town, how to make local and expat friends, and what you need to do when you move to and leave Japan! ... And Much More!

Additional topics covered include: Applying for Japanese Visas Starting a Company in Japan Finding Apartments Speaking Business Japanese Attending the Boston Career Forum Working with Recruiters in Japan Teaching English in the JET Programme Negotiating Work Contracts Learn More at Expat Empire

Read more about Passport to Working in Japan, download the first chapter of the book for free,

and listen to podcasts, read blogs, and more from real expats around the world at expatempire.com!

You and Your Passport United States. Passport Office 1976

Machine Readable Travel Documents International Civil Aviation Organization 2006 "The sixth edition of Doc 9303, Part 1, updates and replaces the specifications for machine readable passports as published in the fifth edition (2003) and represents a substantial modernization of the material contained in previous editions. In particular, this sixth edition incorporates the new globally interoperable standard for biometric identification of the holder and for the storage of the associated data on a contactless integrated circuit. In consequence, some other biometric identification methods and data storage media, described in the fifth edition, are no longer to be regarded as options within the globally interoperable standard. States may, however, use them for their own or agreed bilateral purposes."--Page iii, v. 1.

Advisory and Technical Committee for Communications and Transit League of Nations 1937
Passport and Visa Information for Clerks of Courts who Take Passport Applications United States. Department of State 1957

Annual Report Canada. Passport Office 1998

Dubai Offshore Tax Guide: Strategic and Practical Information

IBP, Inc.

Passport System League of Nations. Advisory and Technical Committee for Communications and Transit 1937

Department of State United States. Government Accountability Office 2009 A genuine U.S. passport is a vital document, permitting its owner to travel freely in and out of the United States, prove U.S. citizenship, obtain further identification documents, and set up bank accounts, among other things. Unfortunately, a terrorist or other criminal could take advantage of these benefits by fraudulently obtaining a genuine U.S. passport from the Department of State (State). There are many ways that malicious individuals could fraudulently obtain a genuine U.S. passport, including stealing an American citizen's identity and counterfeiting or fraudulently obtaining identification or citizenship documents to meet State requirements. GAO was asked to proactively test the effectiveness of State's passport issuance process to determine whether the process is vulnerable to fraud. To do so, GAO designed four test scenarios that simulated the actions of a malicious individual who had access to an American citizen's personal identity information. GAO created counterfeit documents for four fictitious or deceased individuals using off-the-shelf, commercially available hardware, software, and materials. An undercover GAO investigator then applied for passports at three United States Postal Service

(USPS) locations and a State-run passport office.

Passport Entanglements Nicole Constable 2022

"Passport Entanglements examines the problems with documents issued to Indonesian migrant workers in Hong Kong. Focusing on the politics and inequalities embedded in passports, anthropologist Nicole Constable looks at how these instruments determine legal status and prescribe rights. The book explores the larger role that passports and other types of documentation play in gendered migration, precarious labor, and bureaucracy as they reinforce violent structures on often already vulnerable women. Constable finds that new biometric technologies and surveillance do not lead to greater protection, security, or accuracy, but rather produce new vulnerabilities and reproduce old ones"--

Department of State Gregory D. Kutz 2009-06 A genuine U.S. passport permits its owner to travel freely in and out of the U.S., prove U.S. citizenship, obtain further identification documents, and set up bank accounts, among other things. The auditor was asked to proactively test the effectiveness of State's passport issuance process to determine whether the process is vulnerable to fraud. The investigation shows that terrorists or criminals could steal an American citizen's identity, use basic counterfeiting skills to create fraudulent documentation for that identity, and obtain a genuine U.S. passport from the Dept. of State. The auditor conducted 4 tests simulating this approach and

was successful in obtaining a genuine U.S. passport in each case.

Border Security United States Government
Accountability Office 2017-09-15 Travel documents are often used fraudulently in attempts to enter the United States. The integrity of U.S. passports and visas depends on the combination of well-designed security features and solid issuance and inspection processes. GAO was asked to examine (1) the features of U.S. passports and visas and how information on the features is shared; (2) the integrity of the issuance process for these documents; and (3) how these documents are inspected at U.S. ports of entry. We reviewed documents such as studies, alerts, and training materials. We met with officials from the Departments of State, Homeland Security, and Commerce's National Institute of Standards and Technology, and U.S. Government Printing Office, and with officials at seven passport offices, nine U.S. ports of entry, two U.S. consulates in Mexico, and two Border Crossing Card production facilities.

Visa Requirements of Foreign Governments United States. Passport Office 1976

Application for a Social Security Card United States. Social Security Administration 1990

Passports League of Nations. Advisory and Technical Committee for Communications and Transit 1920

Preparatory Documents Concerning the Adoption of an Identity and Travel Documents for Refugees Coming Within the Mandate of the Intergovernmental Committee

Intergovernmental Committee on Refugees 1946
Foreign Visa Requirements 1987

Rights of Passage Mark B. Salter 2003 This work explores shifting notions of sovereignty, citizenship, and identity, as well as changing concerns with issues of race, class, gender, and nation. Ranging from topics such as health, war, and migration, the text sheds light on the role of borders in the age of globalization.

Management of the Department of State, Office of Passport Services Needs to be Improved United States. General Accounting Office 1981 GAO reviewed the Department of State's Office of Passport Services, the Travel Document Issuance System (TDIS), the Passport Files Miniaturization (PFM) system, passport records storage, passport fraud programs, special handling fees, and the Passport Lookout System. The objective of the review was to evaluate the effectiveness of these functions within the Department. TDIS, the Department's new computerized system for issuing passports, is plagued by deficient planning. TDIS will cost between \$12 to \$15 million over the next 4 years, and management needs to take on more comprehensive planning. The PFM system is another problem area that has presented difficulties to the passport management staff. Because of technical complications within the system, operational performance troubles, and inadequate management attention to the new file system, a severe backlog of work has developed, clogging the system with over 2

million passport applications. Still another related records management problem is the storage of original passport records. Costing over \$200,000 each year, the Department has over 140 million passport documents in storage. One of the most severe problems facing the Department is that of passport fraud. Although the Department discovered 1,002 cases of passport fraud in fiscal year 1980, it has been presumed that this is just the tip of the iceberg. GAO identified two operational areas of concern that are performed as daily passport functions: (1) the inequitable provision for the special handling of passports that require fast delivery because of urgent departure dates or because of requests by passport applicants; and (2) the operation of the Passport Lookout System, a system that is used to screen passport applications for administrative, law enforcement, and national security purposes. GAO believes that the system is basically sound but is experiencing a number of difficulties.

Department and Foreign Service Series 1961

Department of State Publication 1948

Youth Travel Abroad United States. Department of State 1975

The United States Passport United States. Passport Office 1976

The Soviet Passport Albert Baiburin 2021-11-03 In this remarkable book, Albert Baiburin provides the first in-depth study of the development and uses of the

passport, or state identity card, in the former Soviet Union. First introduced in 1932, the Soviet passport took on an exceptional range of functions, extending not just to the regulation of movement and control of migrancy but also to the constitution of subjectivity and of social hierarchies based on place of residence, family background, and ethnic origin. While the basic role of the Soviet passport was to certify a person's identity, it assumed a far greater significance in Soviet life. Without it, a person literally 'disappeared' from society. It was impossible to find employment or carry out everyday activities like picking up a parcel from the post office; a person could not marry or even officially die without a passport. It was absolutely essential on virtually every occasion when an individual had contact with officialdom because it was always necessary to prove that the individual was the person whom they claimed to be. And since the passport included an indication of the holder's ethnic identity, individuals found themselves accorded a certain rank in a new hierarchy of nationalities where some ethnic categories were 'normal' and others were stigmatized. Passport systems were used by state officials for the deportation of entire population categories – the so-called 'former people', those from the pre-revolutionary elite, and the relations of 'enemies of the people'. But at the same time, passport ownership became the signifier of an acceptable social existence, and the passport itself – the information it contained, the photographs and

signatures – became part of the life experience and self-perception of those who possessed it. This meticulously researched and highly original book will be of great interest to students and scholars of Russia and the Soviet Union and to anyone interested in the shaping of identity in the modern world.

How to Make a Successful Visa Application for the UK:

First British Passport (from Inside Or Outside the Uk)

Hamid Saddique 2019-03-16 This guidebook provides

Home Office requirements and includes case studies

to help you understand if you or your child has

acquired British citizenship or you or your child would

need to apply for naturalisation or registration before

qualifying for a British passport. This book also

includes practical help tips and required documents to

help you get your or your child's first British passport.

HC 238 - Her majesty's passport Office: Delays in

Processing Applications Great Britain: Parliament:

House of Commons: Home Affairs Committee 2014-09-

16 Applications for a passport are administered by Her

Majesty's Passport Office (HMPO). This executive

agency of the Home Office was established on 13 May

2013. At the beginning of June 2014, it became

apparent that there were delays in the processing of

passport applications. Members of the public who did

not contact their MPs were held in queues and their

cases were not dealt with a sufficient level of service.

All applicants should be able to receive details of their

applications, regardless of whether they follow it up

themselves, or if it is followed up by their constituency MP. A number of people have ended up out of pocket due to HMPO's inability to meet its service standard. HMPO should compensate all those people who made an initial application on or after 1 May 2014, who subsequently upgraded to the fast-track service and who met the criteria for the free upgrade which was later offered and the Home Office should remove the agency status from Her Majesty's Passport Office (HMPO) bringing it back under the direct control of Ministers.